

Lexington's Semi-Annual Trade Event.

Lovenhart's Mid-Summer Cut Price Sale!

Just a few words in explanation that you may understand the full meaning of this money-saving opportunity. Twice each year we hold these sales for the purpose of closing out, as nearly as possible, all spring and summer stock. It is a plain business proposition that we sacrifice first-class merchandise rather than carry it over.

Men's and Boys' Suits 20 per cent. Discount.

Straw Hats—1-5 off.

Cool Underwear—50c line 44c; \$1.00 line 89c; \$1.50 line \$1.28; \$2.00 line \$1.78.

Fancy Hosiery—20 per cents off.

Light Night Robes 44c.

Negligee Shirts—50c line 44c; \$1 line 89c; \$1.50 line \$1.23; \$2 line \$1.65.

One hundred Men's Suits—regular \$10 and \$12.50 value, put in one \$5.00

LOVENHARTS
Modern Clothiers & Hatters, Lex. Ky.

IF YOU WANT SOMETHING TO
RIDE IN LOOK MY STOCK
OVER.

I Carry a Complete Stock of the Very Best
Vehicles Made in this Country.

Kauffman's, Moyer's, Babcock's

Columbus Buggy Co.'s and

Tray Buggy Co.'s

Fine Work.

USE THE

Genuine Kelly Rubber Tires.

ROBT. J. NEELY

VEHICLES.

Greatest Bargain Sale of
All Next Week at

Twin Bros.

Dry Goods and Shoe Department,

PARIS, KENTUCKY.

All Goods Below Cost.

Chas. S. Brent & Bro.,

DEALERS IN

BLUE GRASS SEED,

HEMP, WOOL

And All Kinds of Field Seeds.

PARIS, KENTUCKY.

FOR RENT.

A nice brick cottage. Apply to
JACOB SCHWARTZ.

SPECIAL — IMPORTANT NOTICE.—Supt.
Barnhardt, of the Bluegrass Traction Co.,
authorizes us to announce that, beginning
June 12, a car will leave Paris for Lexington
daily at 6 a. m. Also beginning June
12, a car will leave Lexington for Paris at
11 p. m. The balance of the schedule
remains unchanged.

**COSTS NOTHING UNLESS
CURED.**

A Fair Offer Made by Clarke &
Co. to All Sufferers from
Catarrh.

Clarke & Co. are selling Hyomei on a
plan that has caused considerable talk
amongst their customers.

The plan is different from that follow-
ed by other remedies, but the remedy
itself is different also. This treatment
for the cure of catarrh has such an un-
usual record of cures to its credit that
Clarke & Co. offer to refund the money
if it does not give the desired benefit.
This is certainly one of the fairest offers
that can be made and any one who has
catarrh and does not take advantage of
it is doing himself of herself an injustice.

Do not suffer any longer with tickling,
smarting, burning, eye-watering troubles
that afflict those who have catarrh.
Hyomei will cure you, but if you should
not find it adapted to your case, Clarke
& Co. will return your money.

LIME.—Now is the time of year to do
your whitewashing and remember there is
no lime superior to the White Rock. It
is pure white and there is no waste to it.
We sell it both in barrels and bulk.

STUART & WOODFORD.

ATTENTION, LADIES.—We are prepared
to clean, press and make ladies tailored
suits look as good as new. You would
be surprised to know how nice we could
make that old dress look. Phone 303.
THOMAS BROS.

COALS.—We handle the best of Jellico,
Kentucky and Blue Gem coals.

STUART & WOODFORD.

**Reduced Fares to Michigan Re-
sorts**

Via Pennsylvania-G. R. & I. through
car route from Louisville and Cincinnati
through Richmond; also Season Tourist
tickets with return limit of fifteen days.
Drawing Room Sleeping Cars leave Louis-
ville 8:30 p. m. daily, Cincinnati 7:00 p.
m. daily and 12:45 p. m. week days, ar-
rive Petoskey 9:30 a. m., Mackinac 12:15
noon. Run to Harbor Springs, Bay
View, Roaring Brook, Carp Lake and
other noted summer havens. Address in-
quiries to C. H. Hagerty, D. P. Agent,
Louisville, Ky.

A Probable Paris Millionaire.

Dr. W. H. Current, of this city, is one
of the legal heir to several millions of
dollars worth of Cincinnati real estate,
and was in Lexington last week to see
Capt. C. C. Calhoun about prosecuting
his claim. The property embraces that
part of Cincinnati from Third and Syc-
amore extending along the river for a half
mile.

It's this way, in 1780, Uncle Sam
issued a grant embracing several thousand
acres of land in and around Fort Washing-
ton, now Cincinnati, O., a large part of
which land afterwards became the prop-
erty of James Jarvis, in 1790. Jarvis
was a blacksmith and ran a shop where
Third and Vine now intersect. The town
of Fort Washington grew and Jarvis leased
all of his claim, excepting his home and
shop, for a term of 99 years. The
lease has now expired.

Dr. Current says he will be the same
"old Doc," after he gets his million and
will continue to speak to all of his old
friends that he knew when poverty had a
hold on him.

FARMERS.—The most convenient place
to unload is at Peed & Dodson's. Call
and get your sacks early. They will pay
the highest market price for your wheat.
(July 28-till Aug)

Excitement at Funeral.

A catastrophe was miraculously averted
at a funeral at Maysville, Saturday after-
noon. Just after the body of James West
had been taken from the hearse the horses
became frightened and ran away, through
the cemetery, tearing down grave-stones,
passing through the crowd of mourners,
narrowly missing them, and as they were
going out the gate the hearse struck a
post, wrecking it, tearing the hearse loose,
and before they were caught they had run
several miles. It is a miracle that no one
was injured while the frightened animals
were plunging through the crowd of
people.

Wheat Wanted.

See C. F. Dillake, at G. G. White's
warehouse, in East Paris, or D. W. Peed.
Will pay highest cash price for wheat.
Stored at reasonable terms for any length
of time. July 19

Sad Ending of a "Masher."

Crushed because he had been fined and
sentenced to the county jail as a "masher,"
Charles L. Morehead, a Louisville barber,
committed suicide by swallowing a quan-
tity of morphine at the home of his mother,
Mary S. Morehead, 2418 Twenty-sixth
street. The deadly dose was taken short-
ly before noon Saturday, and the young
man lingered until 3 o'clock.

Morehead was thirty-four years of age,
and is survived by a widow and two
small children. He had been a resident of
Louisville for the past fifteen years and
was well known and respected. He had
never been in any trouble previous to his
arrest on the charge of insulting Mary
Hutti, aged seventeen years.

Fruit Jars.

When you're ready to put up your black-
berries, peaches, etc., see Saloshin for
your Mason's Fruit Jars, he can give you
some bargains.

Wheat Sacks.

Plenty of wheat sacks. Will pay high-
est cash price for wheat. Can unload
your wagon with ease and quickness at
our elevator. Call 84 both 'phones for
prices.

R. B. HUTCHCRAFT.

He Couldn't Swim.

Clayton Christian, aged about 22 years,
went in bathing at Seamount's Mill pond
Sunday morning, and was drowned. He
got into a hole over his head and being
unable to swim, became frightened and
drowned before any assistance could be
given him. He was accompanied by two
companions, but we could not learn more
of the particulars. Young Christian was
the son of Wm. and Annie Christian, who
live near North Middletown.

TIRE SETTING.—Our tire setting machine
can set tires cold as well as hot. If you
want a cheap job we can do it.
July 12th E. J. MCKIMMEY & SON.

Must Pay Special Tax.

Physicians who furnish whisky to their
patients as medicine hereafter must be
provided with licenses as retail liquor
dealers, according to a recent decision of
John W. Yerkes, Commissioner of Inter-
nal Revenue. The furnishing of whisky
in compound with other medicinal ingre-
dients is not covered by the rule.

Mr. Yerkes also ruled that cases of
whisky must be numbered consecutively
as they are issued from the bonded ware-
houses. The Commissioner also decided
that alcoholic fruit compounds known as
fruit juices and used for blending are sub-
ject to special tax. Fortified sweet wines
may not be used in compounding fruit
juices, as the brandy in the wines is not
taxed.

COME AND SEE OUR

Yellow Fellows.. AVERY'S EASY AND MAJESTIC CULTIVATORS!

They Will Please You and Make
You Money.

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF

Deering Binder Twine!

THE KIND THAT RUNS SMOOT
AND DOESN'T KINK.

J. S. Wilson & Bro.,

Bank Row, North Side Court-House, Paris Ky.

BAIRD & TAYLOR,

Up-to-Date Grocers.

We will be Headquarters
for Joe Giltner's Peaches.
Crop better than ever be-
fore. Vegetables daily.

BAIRD & TAYLOR



When You Buy a
Rake, Why Not
Buy the Best.

THE OSBORNE.

STEEL
SELF-DUMP
RAKE.

STANDS
AT THE
HEAD.

A FEW OF THE REASONS WHY:

Heavy Angle Steel Axles; Roller Bearings, revolving on cold rolled
Steel Axles, the only rake in the world equipped in this manner; Revers-
ible Dumb Rod having four times the wearing surface of the common single
dumb rod; Double Hub Suspension Spoke Reversible Steel Wheels; Wheels
54 inches high, 50 removable Steel spokes in each wheel, channel steel ties;
Teeth of spring steel flattened points, rounded bottoms.

You cannot afford to buy a rake without first looking at the
OSBORNE, as well as our full line of farm machinery.

See PEED & DODSON.

THE BOURBON NEWS.

TELEPHONE NO. 124.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

SWIFT CHAMP, EDITOR AND OWNER.

One Year - \$3.00 | Six Months - \$1.00

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Entered at the Paris, Ky., post-office as second-class mail matter.

Established 1881 - 23 Year of Continuous Publication.

Display advertisements, \$1.00 per inch for first time; 50 cents per inch each subsequent insertion.

Reading notices, 10 cents per line each week; reading notices in black type, 20 cents per line each issue.

Cards of thanks, calls on candidates, and similar matter, 10 cents per line. Special rates for big advertisements.

NEW ROADWAY TRACK EQUIPMENT.

WORLD'S FASTEST ROUTE

B&O S-W

Fast Scheduled Trains TO ST. LOUIS

3 OF THEM AND 3 ALL DAILY.

No Additional Charge FOR SUPERB SERVICE AND QUICK TIME.

ELIZABETH COACHES
Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars, Parlor, Observation, Dining Cars.

For Rates, Time of Trains or any information, call on nearest ticket agent or address,
O. P. MCCARTY,
General Passenger Agent,
CINCINNATI, O.

WILLIAMS BROS.,

CORNER BROADWAY AND VINE STREETS,
1 Square from L. & N. Depot,
LEXINGTON, KY.,
Fine Old Harlem Club Whisky, Fine
Wines, Cigars and Tobaccos.

:: OSTEOPATH ::

J. A. McKee,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE 177 N. B'WAY,
Lexington, Kentucky.

Frankfort & Cincinnati Railway.

"THE MIDLAND ROUTE."
LOCAL TIME CARD
IN EFFECT JANUARY 11, 1904.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.		A. M. P. M.	
8:00	Frankfort	11:25	24
8:15	Frankfort	11:40	25
8:30	Frankfort	11:55	26
8:45	Frankfort	12:10	27
9:00	Frankfort	12:25	28
9:15	Frankfort	12:40	29
9:30	Frankfort	12:55	30
9:45	Frankfort	1:10	31
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11:45	Frankfort	3:10	39
12:00	Frankfort	3:25	40
12:15	Frankfort	3:40	41
12:30	Frankfort	3:55	42
12:45	Frankfort	4:10	43
1:00	Frankfort	4:25	44
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1:30	Frankfort	4:55	46
1:45	Frankfort	5:10	47
2:00	Frankfort	5:25	48
2:15	Frankfort	5:40	49
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5:00	Frankfort	8:25	60
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5:30	Frankfort	8:55	62
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6:00	Frankfort	9:25	64
6:15	Frankfort	9:40	65
6:30	Frankfort	9:55	66
6:45	Frankfort	10:10	67
7:00	Frankfort	10:25	68
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12:45	Frankfort	4:10	91
1:00	Frankfort	4:25	92
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1:30	Frankfort	4:55	94
1:45	Frankfort	5:10	95
2:00	Frankfort	5:25	96
2:15	Frankfort	5:40	97
2:30	Frankfort	5:55	98
2:45	Frankfort	6:10	99
3:00	Frankfort	6:25	100

Connects at Georgetown Union Depot with Q. & C. O.
Connects at Paris Union Depot with Kentucky Central.
Connects at Frankfort Union Depot with L. & N.

BETWEEN FRANKFORT & CINCINNATI VIA GEORGETOWN.

A. M. P. M.		A. M. P. M.	
8:00	Frankfort	11:25	24
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BETWEEN FRANKFORT & CINCINNATI VIA PARIS.

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2:15	Frankfort	5:40	97
2:30	Frankfort	5:55	98
2:45	Frankfort	6:10	99
3:00	Frankfort	6:25	100

KENTUCKY CENTRAL R. R. POINTS.

8:00p	A. . . Cynthia . . . L	5:02
7:20p	12 54p A. . . Richmond . . . L	7 20a 1 50

GEO. B. HARPER, **S. E. HUTTON,**
Pres. and Gen'l Supt. **G. P. A**

QUEENSBANK & QUINCY

STRIKING BUTCHERS.

Efforts Being Made to Settle the Difficulty.

There is a Hic in the Negotiations Over the Reinstatement of the Men Who Went Out on Strike.

Chicago, July 15.—The strike which has demoralized the packing industry throughout the country, in which over 40,000 butchers and other workers went out on Tuesday, has not yet been settled.

The hitch in the negotiations is over the reinstatement of the strikers. The union demands that every man who went on strike shall be given his old place before an agreement to arbitrate will be considered. The packers declare that they will retain the men they have employed since the strike and will take back the old men in the order in which they file applications for their old positions.

While the peace negotiations were in progress Thursday additional preparations were being made by the packers at the yards for a long siege. The packers hearing that efforts were being made to induce the railroad men who are members of unions to refuse to handle supplies for the plants where the men are on strike, were busy all day putting in great stocks of coal should the railroads attempt to stop their supply.

Chicago, July 16.—Negotiations for peace in the stock yards strike are practically at a standstill, and the strike will continue until one side or the other abates something of the demands made up to the present time.

Chicago, July 18.—There was little if any change in the situation of the meat packers' strike here Sunday. With Michael J. Donnelly, the strikers' leader, in St. Louis looking after that end of the difficulty, there was no effort here Sunday to renew the peace negotiations which lasted through three days last week and were terminated Saturday night without results. Whether another attempt to reach an adjustment of the controversy by arbitration will be made is problematic as the packers, believing they had the better of the argument in last week's conferences, are little inclined to offer any concessions to the strikers. One thing is certain, the packers say, and that is that they will not recede from the position they assumed in last week's conferences, and that the strikers will have to conform to the employers' ultimatum before any of the peace plans looking to a settlement by arbitration will be successful.

To add to the packers' determination to stand firm is the fact that they have steadily increased their working force at the plants by the employment of outside workmen, until Sunday it was said that things were in almost normal condition at several of the plants.

Under the conditions the packers have assumed a more independent attitude and are more determined than ever that they and not the strikers shall dictate the terms on which the controversy shall be arbitrated. As the strikers declare that they conceded every point possible in last week's negotiations there is little likelihood that any of the other conferences, for the present at least, would amount to much toward a satisfactory settlement of the strike.

The sticking point to the whole question of arbitration is the reinstatement of the strikers. Mr. Donnelly, at Saturday's conference with the packers, waived every other demand he had made and agreed to order the men back to work, leaving the adjustment of all differences to arbitration if the employers would take back all the strikers in a body. This the packers refused to do, maintaining that they had hired many new workmen since the strike whom they could not discharge. They promised, however, to take back the old employees as rapidly as possible, and in the order in which their applications were filed. The union officials declare that they will never accept this proposition, as they say it would mean the disruption of the union inside of three months.

To complicate the controversy still more the allied craft at the stock yards, numbering 14,000 workmen, have become restless and are anxious to join the men already out, in a sympathetic strike. Whether these men will go on strike or not will be decided Monday when Mr. Donnelly returns from St. Louis.

These unions, representing 30 of the mechanical trades in the packing plants, have decided to quit work if Mr. Donnelly says so.

A small riot occurred Sunday, three men being injured, one fatally.

Shriners in a Wreck.

Williamsport, Pa., July 18.—The Buffalo flyer, north-bound, with three car loads of Shriners homeward en route from Atlantic City, was wrecked on the Buffalo & Allegheny division of the Pennsylvania railroad. Two trainmen were killed and four injured.

Working Double Time.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 18.—With a display of fireworks surpassing that on the Fourth of July, the Homestead steel works started in operation Sunday night with the employees working double time. The plant has been operating only about half time.

Operated On Sunday.

Boston, July 18.—By permission of the police commission the Brighton abattoir was operated Sunday in preparation for Monday's demand for meat. Friday night 83 cars of live stock were received at the stock yards.

LOOMIS' BODY RECOVERED.

There Is Grave Suspicion That He Met With Foul Play.

London, July 18.—Reports to both the Press Association and the Central News assert that a further examination of the dead body of F. Kent Loomis, which was found Saturday at Warren Point, some 15 miles from Plymouth, has given rise to grave suspicions on the part of the local officials that Mr. Loomis met with foul play. The wound behind the right ear is described as being circular, large and clean, and it is thought it was inflicted before death. It is surmised that Mr. Loomis' body fell into the water near the Eddystone lighthouse.

Joseph G. Stevens, American consul at Plymouth, in response to a telegram Sunday night asking him if these local reports of foul play had any basis, or if he had any ground for suspicion regarding the death of Mr. Loomis, replied:

"I regret I can not make any statements prior to the inquest which will be held to-morrow. The wound on the head back of the right ear is the size of a half dollar. The body is fairly preserved, especially about the top and back of the head, considering the time it has been in the water."

RESERVOIR BURST.

More Than 300,000,000 Gallons of Water Rushed Down the Valley.

Scottsdale, Pa., July 18.—With the roar of Niagara, the new reservoir of the Citizens' Water Co. burst at midnight and more than 300,000,000 gallons of water rushed down the valley, sweeping all before it and inundating crops and wrecking buildings in its path. It was discovered about 9 o'clock that the dam was in danger of breaking, and messengers were hastily sent through the valley to warn the people of their peril. Hundreds of lives were thus saved for a few hours later the whole valley was under water.

The damage to the machinery and reservoir alone will amount to at least \$50,000. When the torrent swept down upon the valley buildings were torn from their foundations and carried on the crest of the great wave like so many washtubs. Crops valued at thousands of dollars were completely wiped out. Bridges were carried away. In the gorge just below the dam trees were torn out by the roots and stones weighing tons were overturned by the flood.

HELD FOR RANSOM.

Judge Dennis D. McKoon Kidnaped in New York City.

New York, July 18.—Judge Dennis Daniel McKoon, a New York lawyer, has disappeared and the police have been notified by T. W. Darby, a friend and business associate, that he was kidnaped in lower Broadway shortly before noon on Friday last and is now being held for ransom. Letters have been received from Judge McKoon, Mr. Darby says, asking that \$5,000 be demanded for his release, be paid. According to these letters Judge McKoon, who is 76 years old, met three men who had arranged a business appointment with him on Friday and they took him to a house, the location of which was unknown to him, where he is kept a prisoner. The letters, he wrote, he would throw out of a window to a boy who was passing.

WHILE CELEBRATING MASS.

Very Rev. Stephen Kealy Dropped Dead.

New York, July 18.—Very Rev. Stephen Kealy, provincial of the Passion Order of the United States, dropped dead Sunday while celebrating mass in the St. Michael's chapel of the monastery of the order at West Hoboken, N. J. He was stricken with apoplexy and fell on the altar steps, dying immediately. Father Kealy was born in Ireland September 22, 1848, and celebrated the silver jubilee of his ordination a year ago. He was elected to the head of the Passionists August 2, 1899, and was re-elected two years ago.

HOTTEST DAY IN THREE YEARS.

There Were Three Deaths From Heat and Several Prostrations in Chicago.

Chicago, July 18.—Sunday was the hottest day Chicago has experienced in three years and three deaths and a score of prostrations was the result. The maximum temperature of 94 degrees beats any record in the weather bureau since July 21, 1901, when a temperature of 102 degrees was recorded. Since then the mercury has not risen in Chicago, according to the official reports, above 92 until Sunday.

Died at the Age of 107 Years.

Mexico City, July 18.—Rufino Lopez, of Irapuato, is dead at the age of 107. He was in fair health almost to the day of his death, and his faculties were unimpaired. He leaves large properties and a great number of descendants.

Judge Parker's Quiet Day.

Esopus, N. Y., July 18.—Judge Parker's second Sunday since his nomination was spent quietly. He had conferences with John W. Kern, of Indianapolis, who is his guest; and William F. Sheehan, and with Maurice Minton, of New York.

Quiet Day at Oyster Bay.

Oyster Bay, L. I., July 18.—Sunday was a particularly quiet day even for Sunday at Sagamore Hill. The president received no visitors although he and Mrs. Roosevelt entertained two or three house guests.

VOLUNTEER FLEET.

It is Seizing German and British Ships in the Red Sea.

Searching For Contraband Goods—The Passing of the Dardanelles By Russian Vessels Causes Comment in Berlin and London.

Aden, July 18.—The North German Lloyd steamer Prinz Heinrich, which has arrived here from Hamburg, reports that she was stopped by the Russian volunteer fleet steamer Smolensk, and compelled to give up 31 sacks of letters and 24 sacks and boxes of parcels, all intended for Japan.

It is reported that the Peninsular and Oriental Co.'s steamer Malacca, from Antwerp, for Japan, has been seized in the Red Sea by the Russian volunteers fleet steamer St. Petersburg.

London, July 18.—A dispatch from Aden to the Daily Mail says that the captain of the British steamer Walpara reports that the Russian volunteer fleet steamer St. Petersburg signalled him to stop by firing across the bows of the vessel on July 15 while 20 miles off Jebel Zugar, in the Red sea. The Russians examined the papers of the Walpara and declared they would hold the ship as a prize.

The captain protested and was taken on board the St. Petersburg where he gave the Russian officers a guarantee that there were neither arms nor ammunition on board the Walpara destined for Japan. The vessel was detained for four hours and was then allowed to proceed.

The captain confirms the report that the Peninsular and Oriental Co.'s steamer Malacca was seized in the Red sea July 16 by the St. Petersburg on the ground that she carried arms and ammunition of war for the Japanese government.

Almost without exception the newspapers Monday morning in editorials or otherwise comment upon the Russian volunteer fleet steamers passing the Dardanelles and the government is urged to take action, especially for the protection of British commerce in the Red sea and neighboring waters.

The Daily Telegraph, concluding an outspoken protest written with traces of government inspiration, says:

"There is a limit to complaisance when neutral commerce under the British flag is molested in a way to which we have been for a century and a half unused."

Special dispatches from Berlin echo the feeling of irritation that exists in London. The Standard's Tokio correspondent, cabling under date of July 17, says the Jiji Shimpo in an editorial expresses the hope that Great Britain will see that Turkey lends Russia no assistance by allowing steamers of the volunteer fleet to pass the Dardanelles. The Jiji Shimpo declares that Great Britain is bound under the terms of the Anglo-Japanese alliance to prevent such assistance being given.

London, July 18.—The morning papers have dispatches from correspondents at Gen. Kuroki's headquarters which bring the situation in the far east up to July 16. All of the writers agree in saying that the situation is unchanged but that the armies always are in touch, that the Russians are being strongly reinforced and that a battle may be expected any day.

ATTACKED BY A CROWD.

Detective Who Defended Himself Was Killed By a Policeman.

New York, July 18.—After shooting William Gorrity and Alonzo Dorando, of Manhattan, during an attack made upon him Sunday night by a crowd of men at Schurer's picnic park, at Corona, L. I., Charles Conran, a detective on duty in citizens' clothes, sought refuge under a dancing platform, and was there shot and killed by Policeman John H. Gerrity.

Conran's fight with the crowd had caused a call to be sent in for police reserves and when they arrived several in the crowd told the officers that the man who did the shooting was under the platform. Nothing was said about Conran being a detective nor of his having shot in self-defense. Gerrity crawled under the platform and ordered Conran to come out. Receiving no answer he fired and Conran was instantly killed. Gorrity and Dorando, who were shot during the attack, were from this city. Neither was dangerously wounded.

Hot in the World's Fair City.

St. Louis, July 18.—The World's fair city was far from being the hottest place in the country Sunday. The highest point reached by the thermometer was 92 degrees, one degree lower than the maximum of Saturday.

The World's Fair Attendance.

St. Louis, July 18.—Despite the rain in the early part of last week and the excessively warm weather following it, the attendance at the World's fair for the past seven days was more than a half million persons.

Wireless Telegraphy.

London, July 18.—It is stated that the government will bring in a bill making wireless telegraphy throughout the United Kingdom a government monopoly. The post office officials have been experimenting with a new system of their own.

The Rush Continues.

Sioux City, Ia., July 18.—The rush to register on Rosebud land continues. Nearly 4,000 people passed through here Sunday on their way to Bonesteel, Fairfax and Yankton, the registration points in South Dakota.

EIGHT YEARS OF DROUGHT.

Disastrous Result of Water Scarcity in Dry Region of the Southwest.

The disastrous result of eight years of drought in a region that has only a limited water supply is the most impressive lesson contained in Professional Paper No. 23, recently published by the United States geological survey. "Forest Conditions in the Black Mesa Forest Reserve, Arizona," is the title of the paper, which was prepared by Mr. F. G. Plummer from notes furnished by Messrs. Theodore F. Rixon and Arthur Dowdell.

The reserve comprises an area of 2,786 square miles and includes parts of Yavapai, Coconino, Gila, Navajo, Apache, and Graham counties, Arizona. It is an irregular strip of land running from central Arizona in a general southeasterly direction to the New Mexico boundary. It follows and lies principally on the north slope of the Colorado Gila divide. The character of this divide, known as Black Mesa, is that of a southward-facing escarpment of nearly perpendicular rock, 1,500 to 2,000 feet high, which is inaccessible, except in a few places, to the most daring climber. It is the south edge of the great Colorado plateau. The topography of the reserve is in general rough and broken, though the southeastern portion is more rolling, with several high plateaus.

Water is very scarce. Eight years ago the reserve was comparatively well watered, but successive seasons of drought have rendered it exceedingly dry, and unless a change for the better occurs cattlemen and sheepmen will desert the country. Numerous small areas were once profitably farmed, but in recent years the lack of rainfall has caused a marked decline in agriculture. Grazing, the main industry of this and adjacent regions, has also suffered greatly from continued droughts. The only remaining areas which are used solely for cattle range are on Blue and Salt rivers and Eagle creek. The best growths of wild forage grasses are nearly always found at some distance from water, and are consequently not available for stock which are unable to make the trip from water to pasture.

The Verde slope, in the Beaver creek watershed, is an example of repeated overstocking. This district was formerly a source of great wealth to settlers in that vicinity, but the excessive number of cattle and horses grazed in it has finally resulted in the complete annihilation of the pasture. Unless stringent rules are adopted to regulate the number of stock and the areas on which they shall be grazed on each permit, this condition will sooner or later prevail throughout the reserve.

Yellow pine is the principal timber tree of the reserve and the only lumber at present used for manufacturing purposes. The drought of the last eight years has affected even trees like the yellow pine, algarrobo, juniper, and Arizona cypress, which, as a rule, stand dry weather very well. Hundreds of thousands of feet of timber will be lost unless immediately logged.

UNITED STATES BOUNDARIES

How They Have Been Affected by Treaties with Great Britain and Spain.

A publication that finds a logical place in the library of both the historian and the geographer is a bulletin (No. 226) entitled "Boundaries of the United States and the Several States and Territories, with an Outline of the History of all Important Changes of Territory," which has just been published by the United States geological survey for gratuitous distribution. The author is Mr. Henry Gannett, who prepared this paper in its first form in 1885, when it was published as Bulletin No. 13. A second edition, much enlarged, constituted Bulletin No. 171, published in 1900. The present work is therefore a third edition, and is its own recommendation.

Besides giving the present boundaries of the country and of the several states and territories, as defined by treaty, charter, or statute, Mr. Gannett presents briefly the history of all important changes of territory and the laws appertaining to those changes. He shows how the boundaries of our country have been affected by the provisional treaty of the United States with Great Britain in 1782, by the treaty with Spain in 1793, by the definitive treaty with Great Britain in 1793, by the treaty of London in 1794, by the treaty of Ghent in 1814, by the treaty with Great Britain in 1842, and by the Webster-Ashburton treaty with Great Britain in 1846.

The additions of territory that have come to the United States and the consequent changes in boundary lines are described. They include the Louisiana purchase, the Florida purchase, the Texas accession, the Mexican cession, the Gadsden purchase, the Alaska purchase and the acquisition of the Hawaiian islands, Porto Rico, Guam, the Philippine islands and Tutuila.

A historical review is given of the changes that have occurred in the public domain. A detailed account is also presented of the way in which the present boundary lines of the various states and territories have been developed. The bulletin, in short, contains in convenient form a great quantity of information that will be useful to the student, teacher, legislator and general reader.

An Old-Fashioned Affair.

Aunt—Why, what's the matter, Effie. Why do you go on so? Effie—Oh, papa has been and bought me a doll without any of the modern improvements.—N. Y. Times.

Holland Canal Boatmen.

The owners of the canal boats in Holland practically spend their whole lives on them. The father of the family is usually the captain, the sons and daughters the sailors.



RECALL

For loved one who have passed, demands the erection of a fitting Memorial.

We have the largest stock of Medium priced Monuments, Makers and Headstones in the State.

Our collection of Artistic, Original and Executive designs cannot be surpassed, while our prices are known to be right.

We employ the most skilled workmen, and with the use of ELECTRICITY and PNEUMATIC TOOLS, we can fill orders with the greatest promptness.

Fine lettering a specialty.

None Better.

None Cheaper.

WM. ADAMS & SON.,

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY.

Constipation! Is Yours of Long Standing?

Never mind, we take all the chances—your money refunded if a cure is not effected.

DR. CARLSTEDT'S GERMAN LIVER POWDER

has had fifteen years of unparalleled sale, because the above has been our iron-clad, changeless guarantee from the first. Yet not once during these years have we had a bottle returned or a failure reported.

We Have Cured Thousands! Thousands of cases given up by the doctors, thousands whose sufferings have been of many tedious years' standing. Sick Headache, Stomach or Bowel troubles, Constipation or Piles are cured by a single bottle of Dr. Carlstedt's German Liver Powder, \$1.00 size, which equals six 25 cent trial size bottles. This is the one great remedy that cures with doctor bills, long spells of sickness and their consequent sufferings. Listen to Nature's warnings and be prepared! Dr. Carlstedt's German Liver Powder goes right to the spot; there is nothing in medicine like it. It is made right—We have the secret and we look carefully to the protection, for it is worth millions of money to the people. Don't accept substitutes.

In case your druggist happens to be out of it we will send it to you direct.

\$1.00 Per Bottle. Trial Size 25c.

THE AMERICAN PHARMACAL CO., Manufacturing Chemists, Evansville, Ind.

FOR SALE BY W. T. BROOKS.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. **\$1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL.** Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio. W. T. BROOKS, Druggist.

Cascara Sagrada IN THE ESTIMATION OF OUR BEST PHYSICIANS IS THE MOST BENEFICIAL OF ALL DRUGS IN THE TREATMENT OF CONSTIPATION. **Lyons Laxative Syrup** Is made of Cascara Sagrada and other drugs that are equally as beneficial in the treatment of indigestion, biliousness and all stomach and bowel troubles (arising from constipation). **VERY PLEASANT TO TAKE AND DOES NOT GRIPE.** 25 and 50c Bottles. Ask your Druggist.

G. S. VARDEN, Druggist.

HEALTH AND VITALITY DR. MOTT'S NERVO-GENE PILLS The great remedy for nervous prostration and all diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Falling or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every \$5 order we guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at \$1.00 per box 6 boxes for \$5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio. W. T. BROOKS, Druggist.

Steam Bailer. Railroad Time Card.

I am prepared to bail hay, straw, etc., at reasonable terms. I have the best steam bailer in Central Kentucky and can do the work right. Your patronage solicited.

CHAS. BARNETT,

Paris, Ky.

Elite Barber Shop.

CARL CRAWFORD,

Proprietor.

COLD

and

HOT

BATHS.

Only First-Class Barbers Employed.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT PARIS.

From Cincinnati—10:58 am; 5:38 pm; 9:45 pm.
From Lexington—5:11 am; 7:45 pm; 9:23 pm; 9:40 pm.
From Richmond—8:05 am; 7:50 pm; 9:18 pm.
From Maysville—7:40 am; 8:15 pm.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM PARIS.

To Cincinnati—5:15 am; 7:55 am; 9:30 pm.
To Lexington—7:50 am; 11:05 am; 9:40 pm; 9:40 pm.
To Richmond—11:10 am; 5:38 pm; 9:51 pm.
To Maysville—8:00 am; 6:20 pm; 9:45 pm.

F. B. CARR, Agt.

FRANKFORT & CINCINNATI.

Arr. from Frankfort—8:30 am; 8:25 pm.
Lvs. for Frankfort—9:30 am; 6:42 pm.
All F. & O. trains arrive and depart from L. & N. Station.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00. All druggists or by mail.

WILLIAMS' PILE CO.,

Cleveland, O.

Sold by W. T. Brooks.

(May-1904)

DR. L. E. LANDMAN,
Hotel Windsor,
Tuesday, July 12, 1904.

What MITCHELL Says

I want the people who read this paper to know that I sure have the best eating candy in Paris.

The chocolates I sell you for 40 cents per pound cannot be any better.

If you pay 60 or 80 cents you are paying for the fancy packing, of course I have candy we sell for 60 cents per pound and it is strictly fancy and fine, but I want to have every lover of good candy to try my 40 cent creams, always strictly fresh.

Don't forget to send me your orders for the only genuine Blue Lick Water. I am the wholesale agent for the Springs Co. and can furnish it fresh at all times.

Yours truly,

C. B. MITCHELL.

WANTED!

100,000

Bushels of WHEAT.

Highest market price. Strong bags to prevent any waste. Quickness in unloading wagons. Tickets with every load. Spot cash on delivery. We are always in the market. See us before selling.

Paris Milling Co.

ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES—ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Men's Two-Piece Suits.

We are showing a complete line of two-piece suits. All of the desirable fabrics are here, and the coats are made so as to hold their shape. The prices range from \$7.50 to \$18.00 but we would like for you to look at the suit we have marked at \$10.00. We are sure it will please you.

MENS STRAW HATS.

Straw Hat season is now and we are ready for it; are you? The same rule applies to our Straw Hats that does to the Felt. We fit not only your head but your face. All the wanted style..... \$1.00 UP.

PARKER & JAMES,

Y. M. B. O. D.

Corner 4th & Main,

Paris, Kentucky

White Rock Lime in Barrels.

...White Rock Lime in Bulk...

Early Amber Sugar Cane and German Millet Seed.

:- Hanover, Portland and Domestic Cement :-

Best of Jellico, Kentucky, Blue e m and Cannel Coals.

:- Sand, Salt, Corn, Oats, Hay and Straw :-

STUART & WOODFORD,

Directly opp. L. & N. Freight Depot.

Paris, Kentucky.

RELIGIOUS.

The following persons were announced, Sunday morning, at the Second Presbyterian Church, as having been received by certificate or confession into the church since last communion in April: Mr. M. L. Ellis, Mrs. M. H. Dailey, Mr. James McChesney, Mrs. M. L. McChesney, Miss Sophia Ewalt, Miss Maggie Ewalt, Mr. L. R. Bramblett, Mrs. S. E. Bramblett, Miss Martha Waller, Miss Mary Louise Davis.

A full attendance is officially requested at the prayer meeting to-morrow evening.

Notwithstanding the extreme hot weather a large crowd was in attendance at the union services at the Second Presbyterian Church Sunday evening. Rev. J. L. Clark, of the Methodist Church, preached a most excellent sermon, and Mrs. Owen L. Davis sang a beautiful solo.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.—Ask me for an estimate to paint your house with Enamel House Paint. CHAS. COOLEY, 54pr-tf 514 and 516 Main Street.

SUGAR CANE.—For milk cows and stock of all kinds, there is nothing better than Sugar Cane. One acre of it will go as far as three of corn. For pure Early Amber seed go to STUART & WOODFORD'S.

SAVE!—Talk to T. Porter Smith about the insurance. (184v-tf)

New and Absolutely Fire Proof.

The Royal Arms Hotel.
(EUROPEAN PLAN.)

Intersection of Broadway, Seventh Ave. and 43 Street, New York.

Convenient to Shops and Theatres. Every Room has Private Phone and Bath.

RATES—\$2.00 per day and up. Special rates to parties.

J. HULL DAVIDSON, Mgr., a Kentuckian, and formerly manager of the Phoenix Hotel, Lexington.

CONTINUED GROWTH.

The Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Co.

Has issued statement of its business for the month of June, and the increase in the number of subscribers is shown as follows:

Number of Subscribers June 1st, 1904.....	112,220
Number added during month.....	3,613
Number discontinued during month.....	2,588
Net increase.....	1,025
Total Number of Subscribers June 30, 1904.....	113,245

A Fast Ball Game.

The Cincinnati Grays defeated the Paris boys in a very fast game of ball at Bacon's Park, Sunday afternoon by a score of 4 to 3. Paris was at disadvantage by two of their best players, Swearingen and Spears, being out of the game. There were about 500 people present to witness the game, which was the best played here this season. Many brilliant plays were made and a number of close decisions. The pitching of Cooper, of the Paris team, was especially worthy of note, he having struck out seventeen men. The Cincinnati team is strong and deserves credit for winning out, after Cooper pitching such a magnificent game. The score by innings was:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Cincinnati.....	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	4
Paris.....	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	3

Batteries—Cooper and Dempsey; Hess and Shear. Base hits Cincinnati 5, Paris 7. 2-base hits—Paris 3, Cincinnati 2. Errors—Paris 4; Cincinnati 3. Hit by pitched ball—Cooper 3, Hess 1. Base on balls—off Cooper 2, off Hess 3. Struck out by Cooper 17, by Hess 4. Umpire, Bacon.

PLAYER BREAKS A LEG.

In the second inning, Mr. J. E. Craven, the popular Main Street fruit dealer, left fielder of the Paris team, who had reached first on a clean hit to right field, attempted to steal second, collided with the second baseman of the visitors and received a broken leg. It was one of the small bones of the ankle. He is getting along nicely under the treatment of Dr. Wm. Kenney.

Card of Thanks.

On behalf of our entire family I want to try to express our thanks to the great number of our dear friends who were so kind and thoughtful, and who rendered us such assistance and comfort in our time of sorrow for our darling Fannie. Words can but feebly tell the gratitude we feel in our hearts. We pray that the same loving Father who comforts and strengthens us will richly bless all the dear friends who have been so kind.

HUSTON RION.

THE BOURBON NEWS.

SWIFT CHAMP, - EDITOR AND OWNER.

BOTH 'PHONES, - - - - - 124.

[Entered at the Paris, Ky., postoffice as Second-class Mail Matter.]

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT.
ALTON B. PARKER.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.
HENRY G. DAVIS.
FOR CONGRESS—
HON. SOUTH TRIMBLE,
of Franklin County.

In this issue of the News Judge H. C. Smith is announced as a candidate for Representative of Bourbon county in the next Legislature, subject to the action of Democratic party. Judge Smith has been a member of the Fiscal Court since 1883, and has been Judge of Bourbon county for five years. As a Magistrate he was at all times alert to the best interests of the county; as a Judge he has been a conscientious and faithful official, making one of the best Judges that has ever served our people. For more than thirty years he has been a liberal contributor to the Democratic campaign fund, and for the past five years the largest contributor to that fund in Bourbon county. He is a man well qualified to fill the office to which he aspires, and if elected would represent our county with honor to himself and his constituents.

The Conditions Different.

This is from the New York Globe, a Republican newspaper of unquestioned party loyalty:

"Narrow and short-sighted Republican partisans will doubtless seek to make it appear that Judge Parker's telegram and the answer of the St. Louis convention thereto 'alter nothing'—that the platform which on Saturday the country regarded with such deep disgust still stands as originally written. But effort along this line is certain to be futile, and the more persisted in the more it is calculated to injure rather than to promote President Roosevelt's chances of re-election.

"The political situation is such that disingenuousness is not likely to pay, and it is disingenuous to withhold from Judge Parker full credit for his manly act and to argue that his platform has not in fact been amended. Those who praise President Roosevelt for his courage are in no position to belittle courage shown by another, and a country which has long desired that the gold standard should cease to be a football of agitation is disposed to accept at its face value evidence that it is no longer menaced."

And again:
"Judge Parker has done a service not only to his party, but to the nation. The incident shows that honesty in politics still pays; that directness is superior to craft; that adherence to principle is better than tricking subterfuge and shuffling compromise. By a single act revealing that kind of courage which in a crisis is the truest political wisdom, Judge Parker dispensed the mists of indefiniteness which have surrounded him and removed [the] imputation to his repulse."

The difference between an editorial expression of this character and those which have appeared on the same subject in Republican newspapers nearer home [is due to the fact that the one is meant to appeal to the intelligent, while the others are designed to increase the ignorance and inflame the prejudice of the negro and the Federal office-holder, on which two classes the Republican party in Kentucky relies for its support.

Appreciated Service.

We unintentionally admitted to make mention in our last issue of the prompt and good service given to our citizens, free of charge, by the manager [of the Postal Telegraph Company, in this city, during the session of the National Democratic Convention at St. Louis. As fast as the business of the convention proceeded Mr. John McDermott, the popular resident manager, would post a bulletin in front of his office, and by this enterprising manager and company our citizens were kept in close touch with the convention until the nominations were made. This service was highly appreciated and will be remembered by our citizens.

PARKS HILL ASSEMBLY.—Manager Horace Taylor, of Carlisle, was here Saturday, and had just received a telegram from Wm. Jennings Bryan, accepting an invitation to lecture at Park's Hill Assembly, on Saturday, August 6. There will no doubt be a large crowd go down from here to hear this distinguished orator. Subject announced later.

THERE was nothing cut and dried about the St. Louis Convention. There was no machine work and no one-man power. It was the voice of the people, demanding political reforms—honesty and faithful service in every department of the government, and justice to rich and poor alike.

A Merry Party.

The teachers and pupils of the Sunday School of the Mission of the Good Shepherd, of Lexington, arrived here Friday morning on an interurban car, and immediately took boats up Stoner to a very picturesque spot, near Maple Island, where they spent the day and enjoyed a bountiful and delightful picnic lunch. There were about fifty children in the party and they were under the care of the Superintendent, Mr. Wm. Warren, and Misses Sue Walby, Mayme Ott, Anna Avery, Louise Welsh, Mary Woolfolk and Rev. Mr. Caswell. The trip was a treat given to the children by the superintendent and teachers of the Sunday School.

BROWER'S.

Can't we induce you to come to Lexington this week? We are giving 10 per cent. discount on all Summer Furniture, which includes Vudor Porch Shades, Old Hickory Furniture.

We are giving 25 per cent. discount from all Hammocks and accessories. Prices are for cash.

It will pay you to come.

C. F. BROWER & CO.

MAIN & BROADWAY, - LEXINGTON, KY.

W. RAY CLARK.

O. EDWARDS.

THE BEST...

That's what we handle and supply our trade with, whether the order be small or large.

CANNED GOODS AND FRUITS

any anything in the Staple and Fancy Grocery line.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT

on everything we sell, and a trial order is all that is necessary to make you a regular customer.

CLARKE & EDWARD.

OUR LEADING SPECIALTY—

The WALK-OVER SHOE FOR MEN!

All the New, Pretty, Dainty Styles and Exclusive Designs in

LADIES' OXFORDS

for Spring and Summer are here in boundless assortments, and at prices impossible to find elsewhere.



Freeman & Freeman,

334 Main Street, - - - Paris, Kentucky.

THE BOURBON NEWS.

SWIFT CHAMP, - EDITOR AND OWNER.

Don't fail to attend Frank & Co.'s big sale. Lasts the entire week.

NEW CHURCH.—Hopewell Presbyterian church, near Hutchison, is to be torn down, and a \$3,000 building will be erected on the lot.

FLOWERS gotten on short notice by Jo Varden, agent for Bell the florist.

GOES "DRY."—Farmers, in Rowan county, went "dry" Saturday by a vote of 204 to 84. A hard fight was made by the whisky dealers.

WHEAT SACKS.—Plenty of wheat sacks at Peed & Dodson's. They will quote you prices every day. Both Phones 140. al

PREACHING AT STONY POINT.—Elder Crouse, of Indiana, will preach at Stony Point next Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock and Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

THE ONLY DRINK.—Atlantic City Punch, at Varden's.

COMPLETED.—The new bottling house at the G. G. White Co. is completed and ready for Government inspection and will probably be in operation about August 1.

FOR RENT.—Rooms furnished or unfurnished. Fine location and central. Apply at this office.

ANOTHER BURGLARY.—The residence of W. W. Burley was entered by burglars Saturday night, and a small amount of cash secured. Nothing else was disturbed.

FLOWERS for weddings, funerals, etc. JO VARDEN, Agt., Bell the florist.

IT'S A SHAME.—The negro nominee for President of the United States on the National Liberty ticket has been arrested in St. Louis for failure to pay a fine for keeping a disorderly house.

WAIT.—The Greatest Clearance Sale of at Twin Bros. next week. 2t

FAT FEE IN SIGHT.—Capt. C. C. Calhoun, of Lexington, has been employed by representatives of the French government to secure a claim of something like \$300,000 against the United States.

WHEAT WANTED.—Will pay the highest cash market price for wheat. E. F. SPEARS & SONS.

RESIGNED.—Dr. J. G. Furnish has tendered his resignation as superintendent of the Lakeland Asylum, effective August 1. Gov. Beckham has decided upon Dr. Furnish's successor but will announce his name later.

SUMMER GOODS.—Big bargain in all summer goods at Harry Simon's.

A CRUEL JUDGE.—Police Judge Riley, of Lexington, has devised a new punishment for drunkenness. A man presented on that charge was given the alternative of either going to prison or drinking a glass of fish brine, which acted as a violent emetic.

BELL'S Flowers go everywhere. JO VARDEN, Agent.

BROKE HIS BACK.—While leaning out of the window of his cab looking for signals Engineer John F. McNally, of the Cincinnati Southern R. R., fell out and broke his back. His recovery is doubtful. He resides in Lexington and was taken to the St. Joseph Hospital.

FRUIT JARS.—We have Doolittle's Fruit Jars. 2t C. P. COOK & CO.

BELOW COST.—Dry Goods and Shoes below cost at Twin Bros. next week. 2t

BAND CONCERT.—The Elks' Band, containing twenty musicians, will give a free concert to-night on the Court House square. Let's give them a good crowd, for they will be sure to furnish some good music. Here's hoping they will win the band contest at Cincinnati.

BUY NOW.—Do not put off buying. Harry Simon is selling all summer goods at cost.

WHOLESALE PRICES.—Wholesale prices on lace curtains, table linens, napkins and counterpanes, at Harry Simon's.

THEY MEAN BUSINESS.—It looks very much like the workmen engaged in the construction of J. S. Wilson's big three-story business house, on Main street, mean business and if they keep up the gait they are now working it will only be a few weeks until we will see the house finished. It fronts 40 feet on Main and extends back 214 feet to Pleasant.

MUSLINS.—Stop and look at Harry Simon's window and get the low prices on their beautiful line of Muslin Underwear.

DELICIOUS.—Orange Ice, at Varden's.

BARBER SHOP IMPROVEMENTS.—Mr. A. T. Crawford, or better known as "Tommie," has just repaired and made other improvements in his Barber Shop, on Main street, that gives him now one of the most modern shops that can be found in Central Kentucky. Fans to keep you cool while shaving, elegant bath rooms and a shower bath just put in. Four of the best barbers that money can employ, and in fact, everything that can be found in an up-to-date barber shop can be had at "Tommie's" place of business.

Will Employ an Expert.

On yesterday afternoon, the Chairman of the Building Committee called a meeting of the Committee to take action on the notice served on them by Contractors Gibson & Crawford; that the supports under the big steel girders were not strong enough to hold the weight designed to go on them, etc. The Committee appointed its Chairman, Mr. J. W. Thomas, Jr., to employ an expert mechanical engineer to come to Paris and make a careful examination of the plans and specifications. Just as soon as this person can be found by Mr. Thomas the examinations will be made.

The Committee seems to have the utmost confidence in Architect Milburn, and not a member believes there is any danger of the building ever falling. Mr. Minter, who is superintendent for the county, says the supports are sufficient.

Mr. Gibson, an experienced contractor and builder, says that the building will not be safe if finished as plans and specifications call for. That the supports are not sufficient to hold the load they are to carry.

There you have it. The action of the Committee is the right move to take. Now let Mr. Thomas get a noted expert—unknown to either Gibson or Milburn—and let this matter be settled for all time.

ORDER your flowers from Jo Varden, agent for Bell the florist.

BIG SUCCESS.—Great crowds attended Frank & Co.'s big mid-summer sale which began yesterday, and all who purchased were enthusiastic over the big bargains they obtained. The sale continues throughout the week.

CLEARANCE SALE.—Twin Bros. will have a great Clearance Sale next week. 2t

BIG BUSINESS.—The Interurban did a land office business Sunday among our colored population. Several special cars were run for them.

Still In Land of Living.

The many friends of Prof. J. W. Crum, who was a resident of this city about thirty years ago, will be pleased to learn that he is still in the land of the living. A lady of this county met Prof. Crum in New York City recently and he enquired of his old friends here, and expressed the desire to be kindly remembered to all of them. Prof. Crum was the organizer and director of the first Paris Harmonic Society, and was for several years the leading musician of this section. He was the possessor of a magnificent bass voice. He has been traveling for a piano house through the South since he left Paris.

A DANGEROUS PLAYTHING.—Edward Cox, aged eight years, son of Dr. B. D. Cox, who was assassinated at Jackson two years ago, shot and killed his four-year-old brother while playing with an old rifle.

A NOTED WAITER DEAD.—Beasley Thompson, colored, a noted waiter at the Capital Hotel, Frankfort, for twenty years died Saturday. He waited on Governor Goebel for the twelve years he was in public service, and was a great friend of Judge W. S. Pryor. He was known by all the public men stopping at the Capital.

DEATHS.

—Mrs. Fannie Clark, aged about 21 years, wife of W. Ray Clark, died at the St. Joseph Hospital, Lexington, Saturday morning, at 1 o'clock. Mrs. Clark was taken to the hospital Friday evening, to be operated on for appendicitis, but after arriving at the hospital it was found that other complications had developed and that an operation would be useless. She became unconscious about 10 o'clock Friday night and passed peacefully away at time stated above. Her mother, Mrs. Jos. M. Rion, and mother-in-law, Mrs. Walter Clark, were with her in the last hours.

Truly, it is sad, that this lovely young woman should be taken just at the time when life seemed the brightest. The happy young couple had just started to house-keeping, and the husband just entered into business for himself, and a bright little two-year-old son to cheer their home. She was a beautiful girl, bright and cheerful, and every one who knew her loved her. The announcement of her death was a great shock to the entire community, as her illness was of short duration and not widely known.

The funeral was held Sunday afternoon, at the residence of her father, J. M. Rion, at 4 o'clock, conducted by Elder Carey Morgan, assisted by Elder J. S. Sweeney. The pall-bearers were: Geo. Wyatt, Jr., Nathan Bayless, Jr., Dr. E. L. Stevens, John Davis, Jr., Fithian Lilliston, James Daugherty, Rion Dow and Rudolph Davis.

—Little Miss Ophelia Stoddard Huddleston, aged about 12 years, died at the home of her mother, Mrs. Lew Huddleston, on Stoner avenue, Saturday afternoon, of peritonitis. She was a bright, sweet girl, and was only sick a few days. The funeral was held at the residence yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, services by Rev. Abram, of the Episcopal Church. The pall-bearers were: E. B. Hedges, Dr. C. J. Clarke, W. C. Dodson and Dr. F. M. Faries.

—A telegram was received yesterday afternoon announcing the death of Mr. Anderson, at his home in Missouri. He will be remembered as the husband of Mrs. Alice Garrett, formerly of this city. He and his wife were here at Mrs. Belle Brent Alexander's about a year ago.

PERSONAL MENTION

—Mrs. Edgar Hill is visiting Miss Edna Lytle, at Maysville.

—Mrs. Tom Buckner is seriously ill at her home near town.

—Mrs. F. Samuels, of Louisville, is the guest of Mrs. W. E. Board.

—Mrs. W. T. Brooks leaves this morning for a visit at Cumberland Falls.

—Mrs. J. S. Sweeney leaves to-morrow to visit relatives in Hardin county.

—Mrs. S. M. Wilmoth and son, Tom, are visiting Charley Wilmoth, at Detroit.

—Mrs. James H. Thompson is confined at St. Joseph's Hospital with rheumatism.

—Mrs. Keith McClintock is visiting her brother, Rev. Hal Spears, at Danville, this week.

—Mrs. F. B. Parish, of Cynthia, is a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Remington.

—Little Miss Mary Anna Deyeraux, of Lexington, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. T. F. Roche.

—Mrs. Margaret F. Flynn, of Lexington, spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. T. F. Roche.

—Edward Keefe, of Chicago, is here spending the summer with his aunt, Mrs. Hannah Browner.

—Misses Nellie Long and Belle Schoolfield, of Danville, are guests of Miss Helen Davis, on South Main.

—Miss Ruth Nippert, of Arlington Heights, Cincinnati, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. P. Nippert.

—Mrs. Owen L. Davis left yesterday morning to visit her mother, Mrs. Belle Alexander, at Covington.

—Mrs. Ford Brent is spending the heated term with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. M. Wallace, in Woodford.

—Mrs. E. L. Stevens and Mrs. J. L. Wallingford return this evening from a visit to friends at Middletown, O.

—Elder Lloyd Darsie, of Chicago, was here on Friday, returning home from attending funeral of his brother, Elder Geo. Darsie.

—Strother Quisenberry, of New York, is enjoying a short vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Quisenberry, in this city.

—Mrs. W. L. Davis and Mrs. J. D. Frost and children will arrive Thursday morning from South Carolina, to be guests of Mrs. R. Q. Thomson.

—Mrs. Hattie Hutchcraft Hill, who is now at St. Louis Fair, received an order from the Commission from Ceylon for painting a large portrait.

—Dr. Henry Schwartz, of this city, has arrived in San Francisco, and will sail on the 27th for the Philippines. He is in charge of 1,200 Government horses.

—Duncan Taylor, of Hobart, Ok., is here for a few days visit to his mother. He is looking unusually well, and after attending the Elks re-union will return to Hobart.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Anderson, of Georgetown, were the guests of their daughter, Mrs. John Stuart Roberts, on Sunday. Mrs. Anderson will remain for several days.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thompson Tarr will entertain at cards on Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, to meet Mrs. Alexander B. White, of Tennessee. Mrs. Tarr will also entertain at Finch on Friday afternoon.

—Quite an enjoyable day was spent upon the banks of Stoner yesterday by the following ladies: Mrs. John Woodford, Mrs. M. H. Dailey, Mrs. Edith Bronston, Misses Kate Alexander, Gertrude Renick, Sallie Lockhart, Mary Clay, Catherine and Annie May Simms, Lizzette Dickson and Frances Johnson. It was a boat party, the ladies even rowing the boats themselves. Fishing, whist, euchre, &c., and a good lunch was on the program. The most enjoyable feature of the day was said to be the absence of the men.

MERCY, but that Peach Cobbler is good, at Varden's.

Cat-chy Stories.

A few days ago a stray black cat strolled into the Postal Telegraph Office, in this city, and while Manager McDermott was chasing him around the room the cat jumped upon the typewriter table and walked across the keys, and on examining the blank that was in the machine at the time it was discovered that "Thomas" had written the word "France." Finding him to be such an expert Mr. McDermott has retained him as his stenographer.

Judge Ed. T. Hinton was awakened a few nights since by what he supposed to be a burglar walking on the tin roof near his windows. He got up and arming himself with a good Smith & Wesson, he awaited for the burglar to open the shutter, which were slightly opened, when he intended to give him some "cold pisen." He followed him around to his back window, then back to the front, only waiting for a chance for a good shot, and after marching from window to window with him for about an hour he heard him climb down from the roof to the fence. Rushing into the front room he looked out of the window and got a glimpse of the burglar—it was Elizabeth's big Maltese cat. The judge was still excited when he told the story the following evening.

DON'T FORGET.—When in Lexington don't forget Reed Hotel, Hart Bros., Props., rates \$2 to \$2.50 per day. 1m

Frank & Co.'s.

Your
Attention
is
Called to
Our

Mid-Summer
Clearance
Sale,

July 18 to 23,
Inclusive,
Ad. on Page 8.

FRANK & CO.,
PARIS, KY.

Prof. C. D. Houston

Manicure and Chiropodist.
Shampooing and Massage a Specialty.

Prof. Houston is a graduate from the best of colleges and comes highly recommended in his profession. If he can get enough patrons to justify him he will remain in Paris permanently. Orders telephoned to Varden's Drug Store will reach him. Your patronage solicited.

FOR SALE.

One good work and driving horse; one rubber tire run-about; one good Moyer wagon and set of harness. 19 July 4t CHAS. E. BUTLER.

Wheat Wanted.

Before selling your wheat, see us or call phone No. 84. We will buy at all stations on F. & C. and L. & N. railroads. Will pay the highest market price, or will store your wheat at Centerville, Shawhan, Millersburg or Paris. Have plenty of sacks. 25je-tf R. B. HUTCHCRAFT.

If you are looking for something delicious, and refreshing, stop in at Varden's and get a Cream Puff.

LAUNCH SOLD.—Chas. Foote has sold his electric launch to parties at Carlisle. It will be placed on Licking River at Parks' Hill. The Footes will purchase a larger launch.

Armstrong-Freeze.

The marriage of Miss Isabella Armstrong, and Mr. Samuel M. Freeze, of Cannel City, was quietly celebrated Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, at Christ Church Cathedral, Lexington, Dean Baker P. Lee officiating. The news comes as quite a surprise as the young couple succeeded in keeping their secret until the hour of the ceremony. The only attendants were Miss Bettie Brent Johnson, of this city, the maid of honor, and Dr. Wm. F. Walz, the best man. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Armstrong, formerly of Paris, parents of the bride; Mr. James Tocher, Mr. John Skain and two or three friends were the only ones present at the ceremony.

The bride was given in marriage by her father and the couple knelt at the altar for the final prayer and blessing. After receiving the congratulations and good wishes of their friends they left for Cincinnati, thence to Cannel City, where they will make their home. Later they expect to go to the St. Louis Exposition.

The bride is a beautiful young girl and is very popular and much loved here in Paris, her childhood home. The groom is a most attractive young Kentuckian, tall and handsome, and extremely popular in Lexington, where he lived for some time. He is now in business in Cannel City.

TUCKER'S

Attention is directed
large Advertisement
of our Great Clearance
on
July 18, 19, 20 and

W. E. D. TUCKER,
The G. Tucker Stand.
529-531 MAIN STREET. PHONE 297



These Prices Are Not Manufacturers' Prices

—BUT—

MY OWN PRICES!

All of the following are 9x12 feet.

Brussels Drugget, worth \$17.00 for \$17.00	
Body Brussels, " 25.00 " 25.00	
Axminster, " 26.00 " 26.00	
Wilton Velvet, " 28.00 " 28.00	

The Quality of these Rugs is Guaranteed to be as Good or Better than you will get elsewhere.

Another thing is you can't buy goods at Manufacturers' Prices WHEN you buy at Retail. The reason I can sell you Rugs Cheaper is because I am in the Rug Business and know what I am doing.

Kindly compare Prices. Will show you two patterns for anybody else's one.

J. T. HINTON,

AMBULANCE.

Undertaking in all its branches. Embalming scientifically attended to.

LIGHT WEIGHT
COAT and PANTS,

ALL WOOL,

\$5.00

ALSO AT

\$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10.00, \$12.50.

SPECIAL PRICES ON

BOYS' SUITS.

PRICE & CO., CLOTHIERS.

A LITTLE DECEPTION

IT WAS after the death of her mother that Hermance thought it well to consider the possibility of marriage. She was a spinster. She was a spinster in her own right of a modest fortune, and had a heart full of generous impulses, but she was formed—in short, a humpback.

Seated alone in her quiet home at Chatillon with pleasant surroundings about her, she considered her lonely future with a shudder. But where to seek for a husband? Whom might she address?

She knew she did not possess the physical attractions of a young and more perfect beauty; she must confess that one shoulder was higher than the other, and from some words she overheard, she knew herself considered a little angular. But what of this in so loyal a heart?

One evening in her daily paper she found this advertisement, which immediately engrossed her attention.

The Matrimonial Institute of France, founded by Madame de Saint Elme. This institute has for its object the promotion of honorable marriages, between members of families best fitted both in a physiological and social point of view. Dowries from 2,000 to 20,000 francs. Office hours, one to five p. m. Correspondence solicited.

And the address followed. Hermance considered this matter that day and again the following day. Finally she said to herself:

"I will write to that woman."

And she wrote at once.

By return post she received a magnificently printed prospectus, beautifully lithographed on rose colored paper, which in a great many words explained, magnified and praised "the moral purpose of the Matrimonial Institute of France."

In conclusion Mme. de St. Elme invited her correspondent to send her the modest sum of two dollars as subscription to the Nuptial Vell, in which would be found a large list of candidates for matrimony, all guaranteed of good social rank, regularly registered and submitted to the choice of readers of both sexes. To be thus registered or to make choice of any name in these lists the further sum of five dollars must be remitted in advance.

Hermance sent, in conformity with the above conditions, the double fee, adding also, as advised in the prospectus, one of her photographs, a little portrait taken the year before, in which there appeared her fine head and neck, full of expression and grace, but showing her only as far as the shoulders.

As she glanced at the long list of possible husbands named in the Nuptial Vell she was embarrassed, there were so many. Marking out 20, these she reduced to 15, and then to 10, and 8. She paused, and then tired of the attempt, she finished by placing her pencil where it would fall, which happened to be No. 12,818, reading thus:

Employment, public; salary 3,500 francs, with advancement assured; aged 38 years, good health; simple tastes; desires to marry young lady of age and fortune, excellent habits and character.

"Simple tastes," of course it was impossible to tell what these words might mean, but trusting to the maternal character of the lady at the head of the institute, and forwarding a new check for the additional \$10 required, she received a photograph of No. 12,818, with a note giving the name, residence, etc., of the candidate.

His name was Adrien Bastide, and he was a public officer in the little town of Kernouev, in Brittany. In the picture, which represented him at full length, he appeared a man full of good humor and good will, with a full, open countenance, and a long beard, flowing down his breast. But how tall he was! You might have taken him for a drum major. What a contrast to poor little humpback Hermance!

"Ah, but he is a very good man for me," whispered she to herself.

At the same time that the photograph was sent to Hermance, Mme. de Saint Elme, always attentive to the interests of her clients, advised No. 12,818 of the distinction which had befallen him, and for a consideration, forwarded the note and portrait of Mlle. Desriguy, who straightaway received the following letter:

Mademoiselle: While not having the honor of being personally known to you, yet I cannot resist the deep emotion which only one look at your photograph has aroused in me, and to tell you by what all powerful, almost providential, sympathy I am turned to you.

Yes, it seems as if I hear a voice from heaven guiding and leading me to you. It is impossible to look upon a countenance so pure, so open, so frank, on eyes so full of spirit and impossible to deceive, and not to know you have a generous, loving heart.

And the writer of the letters prayed for the opening of a correspondence between them preparatory, if mutually agreeable, to a meeting at some future time.

An exchange of letters now ensued. Each day becoming more and more intimate, they confided to one another the stories of their youth, their hopes for the future and how and why they had had recourse to Mme. de Saint Elme.

The interview between the two could no longer be delayed. Adrien Bastide announced his intention to visit Chatillon in a fortnight, and the affair was readily and easily arranged.

Mlle. Desriguy would advise with some old friends of the family who would be glad to assist her. There would be nothing risked in acquainting them how matters were a few days in advance of the coming of her fiancé. Her fiancé! Ah, how sweet that word was to pronounce; how deliciously it made her heart throb.

Finally the great day came and Hermance was notified that M. Bastide would present himself at her house at two o'clock.

Everything in and around the house had been put in perfect order, and all was ready. Hermance kept repeating to her servant:

"I hear some one coming, Ionette."

"Mademoiselle has said that very often."

"Well, don't go to sleep in the porch, and be sure to bring him in—that person—to the parlor."

"Surely, mademoiselle. Don't you fear. I will hide myself in the corridor and run at the first sound of the bell."

The bell rang. The visitor, the tall, dark major with the long beard, appeared, but limping with one foot, and walking with a cane.

"Mademoiselle Desriguy?" said he. "It is I, Monsieur Bastide," tremblingly answered the little humpback, dropping the book in which she seemed to have been reading.

"You! But! Mademoiselle Hermance Desriguy who wrote to me?"

"Yes."

And both stood thunderstruck, facing each other, stupidly gazing without a word.

"But, mademoiselle, you have never— you ought to have told me." And Hermance replied, her cheeks now grown scarlet:

"Yes I know, I ought to perhaps, but you, you also, monsieur. I was born so—me—no—oh, no. Adieu, monsieur."

And our poor little heroine, wholly confused, her eyes filled with tears, fled away, leaving the room to her visitor, her exhalation.

The great giant stood still some minutes. What was there to do? Finally he opened a door into the hall and shuffled back to his hotel. There he seated himself on one of the soft banks of grass, and with eyes mechanically fixed upon the windings of the valley, tried to meditate over the occurrences of the afternoon, and gave himself up to the strange thoughts to which they gave rise.

Humpback! She was a humpback, and she had said nothing about it. This was the game, a shallow trick, and that maternal directress of the Matrimonial Institute of France, whose only object was to enable her children to make a better acquaintance and to shield them in marriage—charlatan, cheat.

But how about himself? What had he said about his infirmity?

He had been very careful in not speaking of that. He had tried to trick her? No, truly, that was not his object. He had not wished to hurry.

And she—oh, without doubt, it was her timidity; perhaps in her case also she felt ashamed. He had no reason to be proud.

Adrien Bastide had been tenderly brought up by a mother who idolized him. Jealous of every woman who approached him, yet she had had an intention certainly of seeing him married, and she truly meant not to disappoint him. But years passed on and she discovered no one worthy of him, and finally she died without placing her hand upon the fine pearl sought for.

Adrien at the age of 22, on account of a fall from a horse, had lost the free use of his right leg. After his mother's death he said to himself that now was the time to replace her. But how?

Provisionally, as he then thought, he saw the advertisement of the marriage institute and paying his subscription and enrollment fee he received a photograph and communication in which Hermance, No. 19724, was described:

Orphan, 29 years, musician, dowry 40,000 francs, living in a neat cottage with garden and running stream of water, would espouse man of honor, in preference official.

This exactly suited him; perhaps even the 40,000 francs no less than the garden and stream full of fish attracted him.

Alas, some points had been omitted in the advertisement in the Nuptial Vell and also in the letters from Mme. de St. Elme—yet how full of sweetness and spirituality her letters had been.

Well, he was not coming 200 miles for nothing; he would go and explain himself at least.

Hermance during this time was reflecting on the situation. It was not so easy to find a husband at 29, she well knew.

He was a cripple, yet, but she was—well a little peaked.

"Nothing," she thought, "will make M. Bastide return to the house. There are three trains to Paris, two in the morning and one in the afternoon at 4:30."

"He will do nothing until train time. I might at least try to meet him, as it were by accident, at the station."

So with hat and mantle she quickly set out. But two steps from her house she ran into the good giant.

"Monsieur Adrien, must you leave town at once?" she asked.

And she had a look so contrite, and eyes so ready to fill with tears that the giant bent over her and took her hand respectfully.

"I ask your pardon," he said, "for all I did. You were much excited; so was I. But I do not wish to return without seeing you again. Permit me to enter with you. Now we know each other, and we can speak more quietly."

There were two happy persons in that little house and they are now happy, those two who had not told the truth.—From the French in N. Y. Sun.

Character and Laws.

How ridiculous it would seem, writes Annie Payson Call, in Leslie's Monthly Magazine, if a man tried to make water run up hill without providing that it should do so by reaching its own level, and then got indignant because he did not succeed, and wondered if there was not some "cure" by means of which his object might be accomplished. And yet it is no more strange for a man to disobey habitually the laws of character and then to suffer for his disobedience, and wonder why he suffers.



THE NATIONAL CAPITOL BUILDING.

The picture shows it as it will appear when the proposed additions have been made to the center of the east front. This addition will add 30 more rooms to the capitol, and when done the completed building will have cost the government about \$18,000,000.

FOOTGEAR OF JAPANESE.

It Is of the Kind That Makes the Feet Hard and the Ankles Strong.

The Japanese shoes, or "geta," as they are called, are one of the singularly distinctive features of Japanese life which will strike the observer with wonderment as soon as he sees them looming along the roadway, or hears them scraping the gravel with an irritable squeak that makes his very nerves shudder. Nevertheless, says the London Chronicle, awkward though the shoes appear, they are of a kind constituted to make the feet as hard as sheet iron, and ankles as strong as steel girders.

The shoes are divided into two varieties; the low shoe is called the "komageta," and is only used when the roads are in good condition. The high shoes, named "ashida," are worn when the weather is rainy and the roads are muddy. Both kinds have a thin thong attached to the surface to secure them to the feet, which are therefore not covered as if they were in shoes, but are left exposed to atmospheric conditions. The "komageta" resemble somewhat the Lancashire clog, and their construction merely entails the carving of a block of wood to the proper size. The "ashida," however, are of more complicated design. They have two thin pieces of wood, about three inches high, at right angles to the soles, and occasionally, in the case of priests or pilgrims, only one bar attached.

Some of the "geta" worn by little girls are painted in many colors, and others have a tiny bell hanging from a hollow place at the back, which, as it tinkles in a mystic way, heralds the approach of children. The superior makes are covered with mats, made of panama. The highest price amounts to about ten yen or five dollars, while the cheapest is less than ten sen, or a few cents, but then the "geta" will not last longer than a month, and once out of repair can never be mended.

Learning to walk on a "geta" is an exceedingly difficult process. Indeed, it is far easier to acquire skating or still walking. The average child in Japan takes about two months before being able to move along on the national footgear, and the little ones repeatedly slip from the wooden blocks, falling to the ground, which seems to their miniature imaginations a considerable distance beneath them. Although foreigners usually take with readiness to the customs of Japan, they are absolutely unable to manipulate the perilous "geta."

A curious story is told of a San Francisco merchant who was invited to attend a fancy dress ball. He thought it would be quite the correct thing to attend in Japanese costume, and wrote to a friend in Yokohama to send a complete suit of the costume of a gentleman of high class. On receipt of the costume he was immensely surprised at its extensive variety. He mastered all the intricacies of the flowing robes, but when he unlearned the "geta" he was completely at a loss to understand its use. Having only just arrived in the country, and not being over observant, he had omitted to notice the foot arrangements of the people. After much earnest consideration, he was suddenly seized with a brilliant idea. "Ah," he exclaimed in his desire to extol everything Japanese, "this wooden block has got a very lovely shape, it is very beautifully carved and artistic. Therefore it must be a kind of decoration to be worn on the shoulders like epaulettes."

And so the merchant went to the ball with a "geta" on each shoulder instead of on each foot!

Some parents allow their children to play barefoot in the streets, but when going out with their elders, or paying visits, it is essential that everyone, from the smallest to the tallest, must mount the wooden clog, and propel themselves in this odd fashion. The dislike of the Japanese children for the activity of outdoor games is to be mainly attributed to the awkward encumbrances with which their little feet are loaded. For instance, one seldom sees Japanese children gambling in open playgrounds—they have yet to learn the feverish pleasures of "hide and seek" or "rounders," while such a thing as top spinning or football never obstructs the roadways.

Singular superstitions are associated with the "geta," which at times are decidedly useful. When a host desires that a too attentive caller should depart, he induces somebody to burn incense, which has a peculiar odor, upon his shoes, which are outside the door. The guest will immediately take the hint, and simultaneously his leave. When a thong of a "geta" is accidentally severed on the return from the visit to a sick person a firm belief exists that the patient must die. The Japanese, however, dearly love the "geta," and although civilization may teach them to win battles it will never induce them to wear leather boots!

REST CURE FOR HORSES.

Massachusetts Farm Where Worn Out City Animals Are Recuperated.

Red Acre farm, in the village of Stow, about 25 miles northwest of Boston, is the first home for horses established in the United States. Its chief object is to afford a resting and building-up place for tired-out or run-down horses, whose owners will pay what they can afford, be it little or nothing. In some cases, says Country Life in America, horses will be loaned or let out on hire to take the place of those resting at the farm. The second object is to receive "paying patients," or pensioners; that is, to take care of horses no longer up to the work required of them—faithful servants whose masters are willing to pay for their board and lodging in their declining days. The third object is to find homes for servicable animals which the owners are reluctant to sell. Red Acre farm undertakes the charge of such horses; it will loan them, not give them away; and the farm will keep an eye on all horses thus loaned, and will promptly reclaim any that are not well and kindly treated. No one who has not made the attempt can realize how hard it is to find a good, safe home for a superannuated horse.

The fourth object of the farm is to buy horses that are in bad condition and ill used, restore them to health and strength, and let them out or loan them to men whose horses are resting at the farm. The fifth object is to buy and mercifully to kill horses that are incurably lame or otherwise permanently disabled. But why kill them? some kind-hearted person may exclaim. Why not support them in comfort at the farm? It would indeed be a pleasure to do so, but it would be misplaced charity and false economy. That course would result in rescuing only one animal from misery; whereas, if you kill the incurable horse, and devote the space and money which he would require to some other horse whose condition is equally painful, but who can be restored to health, you are then rescuing two animals instead of one from misery.

The sum of \$100 will endow a free bed or stall for a year, and the person or association paying this sum is entitled to keep at the farm whatever pensioner he may select. The Animal Rescue league in Boston—an association for befriending homeless dogs and cats, which also keeps an eye out for the horse—has already endowed one stall.

HUNTING HATS BY RAIL.

Motormen on Suburban Trolley Cars Find It a Profitable Sport.

While a Chester trolley was speeding along several miles out of Darby, a few evenings ago, the motorman suddenly slackened the car's speed with a jolt several times. Each time a piece of paper was along the track, says the Philadelphia Record.

"On my last trip out a young fellow who was sitting on the front seat lost his Panama," said the motorman to a friend near his elbow. "I thought that paper might be it. Yes; he got off to look for it, but maybe he didn't find it, for he didn't know where it blew off. He put the hat on the floor under the seat, rather than hold it in his hand, and after he had gone about four miles he noticed that it had disappeared. There was no way of telling in which one of the four miles it had blown off, so he just got off the car with the intention of walking back the entire distance, unless he would find it sooner."

"Maybe it's only a 75-cent Panama anyhow," suggested the motorman's friend, when another white object on the road proved to be paper.

"Well, sometimes we find a mighty good hat," continued the motorman. "More than a few blow off every week. It's a poor summer if I don't find ten or 12 straw hats, and some of them are fine ones. The other motormen do about as well. The best time to find them is on the early morning runs, as the hats are mostly lost at night. Frequently they land in a dark place, and can't be found until daylight. Of course, we keep them when we find them. How could we do otherwise, when we never know to whom they belong? The men always jump off the car after their hats blow off, and we never hear from them again."

"Why do more hats blow off at night than during the day?"

"Mostly because more young men ride on the cars at night. They take off their hats to enjoy the breeze. Sometimes the hat is blown out of their laps, and sometimes it is blown off their heads. Often the young man's companion holds his hat for him, and sometimes it blows out of her hands. The few hats that are blown off during the day are easily found."

Peruvian Population.

The present population of Peru does not exceed 3,000,000.

STREAM MEASUREMENTS.

Phenomena of "Pulsation of Moving Water" Interferes Greatly with Accuracy.

Since 1902, when the United States geological survey published water-supply and irrigation paper, No. 64, entitled "The Accuracy of Stream Measurements," considerable additional data has been collected in regard to this subject. Among these are the results of investigations made by Mr. Edward C. Murphy in the hydraulic laboratory of Cornell university, concerning the flow of small and moderate sized streams and the results of high-water measurements made by him near Oswego, and at Binghamton. This paper also contains a report on a series of vertical velocity measurements made under ice on streams in the Catskill mountains, which are of special interest, as they are the most extensive series of measurements of this kind which have been made.

The accuracy of the measurement of a stream depends largely upon the accuracy with which the cross-sectional area and the velocity are measured. There is no special difficulty in measuring the first factor, but the second factor is very difficult to determine, chiefly because it is constantly changing. The velocity varies not only from the surface to the bottom of the stream, and from one bank to the other, so that it is necessary to measure it at many points, but is constantly changing at every point, even when the cross-sectional area and the discharge remain constant.

Several experimenters have observed the phenomenon of "pulsation of moving water," and a few have tried to measure it, but as yet little is known of the magnitude and frequency of the pulsations or of the laws governing them. A knowledge of such phenomena is evidently of vital importance in making and computing stream measurements. If only a few observations of velocity are made, these may all, or nearly all, be made at a time of maximum impulse, and thus the measured mean velocity be too large; or it is possible that most of the observations may be made at a time of minimum impulse, and thus the mean velocity be too small.

The investigations made have also an important bearing on the kind of instruments best suited to measure the velocity, as some—the float rod, for example—give the velocity of a single impulse, while others—as the current meter—show the average velocity due to all the impulses during the observation.

The motion of water in an open channel is not, however, simply a succession of impulses. On the contrary, it is exceedingly complex, and is very different from the uniform flow in parallel straight lines that is assumed in deriving the ordinary hydraulic formulas. Under close observation the water of the most undisturbed streams is seen to contain some particles that move up, others that move down, and still others that move across.

The accuracy of a discharge measurement also depends much upon the physical features of the stream at the discharge section or point of measurement. Seldom are all the conditions favorable for the most accurate work.

Discharge measurements of streams flowing in natural and artificial channels have been made with various kinds of instruments and in many ways. The earlier ones were made with crude instruments, and in some cases the surface velocity only was observed, the mean velocity being computed from a formula which we now know is not correct. Very little seems to have been done in the way of determining the degree of accuracy of the measurements. Even when the experimenter has used two or more instruments to measure velocity, he does not appear to have made simultaneous measurements with different instruments, or to have employed different methods with the same instruments, in order to test the accuracy of the results.

These matters are all discussed in detail in Mr. Murphy's paper, which is listed as Water Supply and Irrigation Paper No. 95, and may be obtained on application to the director of the United States geological survey, Washington, D. C.

Could Prove an Alibi.

"I was trying to impress on my class the fact that Anthony Wayne had led the charge up Stony Point," said J. L. Pembroke, a professor in a primary school in Paducah, Ky.

"Who led the charge up Stony Point?" I asked. "Will one of the smaller boys answer?"

"No reply came."

"Can no one tell me?" I repeated, sternly. "Little boy on that seat next to the aisle, who led the charge up Stony Point?"

"I—I don't know," replied the little fellow, frightened. "I—I don't know. It wasn't me. I—I just come here last month from Texas."—Louisville Herald.

Bricks Made of Sand and Lime.

Bricks are now being made of clean sand and ground quicklime that are said to be as substantial as granite. They cost \$2.50 per 1,000. The mixed ingredients are forced into a strong steel cylinder mould by means of a screw. After the air has been sucked from the cylinder, hot water is admitted, the rock being formed by the resulting pressure and heat.

Die Unseen.

Capital punishment is in vogue in Japan, but no one—not even the executioner—witnesses the actual dispatch of the condemned man, who is placed in a kind of box and left to himself as soon as the noose is adjusted. The floor of the box falls when the signal is given, and the murderer drops into eternity unseen.

ESCAPED

Women and Men From the Clutches of the Doctor, Undertaker and Grave Digger.

THE NAMES OF A FEW PEOPLE WHO ARE HAPPY AND FREE FROM RHEUMATISM, LIVER AND KIDNEY DISEASE BY USING

DENN'S SURE, SAFE AND SPEEDY CURE.

Mr. Gennings and wife, 2083 N. High. Mr. Goodspeed and wife, Frambes Ave. Mr. Brelsford and wife, Maynard Ave. Mr. Fleming and wife, 2605 N. High. Mr. Miracle and wife, Grocer, W. Broad. Rev. Dawson, Rev. J. J. Shingler. President John Culberson, High and Maynard St. Mr. Witsdon and wife, Northwood Ave. Rev. Shultz and Roy Shultz.

We could fill a large newspaper with responsible witnesses of what Denn's Sure, Safe and Speedy Cure can do. But try a 25 cent or 75 cent bottle and you will be surprised at the immediate help it affords.

FOR SALE BY

OBERDORFER, THE DRUGGIST, PARIS, - - KENTUCKY.

Too Many Burglars About Town

For the comfort of society. One less will visit your homes if he is introduced to one of our revolvers.

This Week Only I Will Sell

Double Action Revolvers, with rebounding hammers, nicely finished and nickled, octagon barrel, hard rubber handles. 22-32-38 Cal. \$2.00

Automatic Safety Hammer Revolvers, made with hinged frame, rebounding hammers, automatic shell ejectors. Positive safety device; accidental discharge impossible. 22-32-38 Cal. \$0.50 each.

Automatic Safety Hammerless Revolvers, have hinged frame, independent cylinder stop and automatic shell ejectors. Has no hammer to catch on clothing. Fits the pocket. 32 or 38 Cal. \$7.00 each.

All other popular makes, such as Colts, Smith & Wesson, etc., in stock.

Saws, lawn mowers and scissors sharpened, keys fitted, locks and trunks repaired. All work guaranteed.

W. C. DAVIS.

Hair Dressing.

When your hair needs shampooing, dressing, or manucuring, call Phone 1603. Work executed in best of manner. Cash, give good references. 4mar-tf

MARY L. DAVIS.

PAINTING.

I am prepared to do all kinds of painting in the best manner possible, both in and outside work. I will take pleasure in making estimates free of charge for anyone. Work guaranteed. EMMETT FITZGERALD, Paris, Ky.

A Continual Strain.

Many men and women are constantly subjected to what they commonly term "a continual strain" because of some financial or family trouble. It weakens and distresses them both mentally and physically, affecting their nerves badly and bringing on liver and kidney ailments, with the attendant evils of constipation, loss of appetite, sleeplessness, low vitality, and despondency. They cannot, as a rule, get rid of this "continual strain," but they can remedy its health destroying effects by taking frequent doses of Green's August Flower. It tones up the liver, stimulates the kidneys, insures healthy bodily functions, gives vim and spirit to one's whole being, and eventually dispels the physical or mental distress caused by that "continual strain." Trial bottle of August Flower, 25c; regular size, 75c. At all druggists.—W. T. Brooks.

Healthy Mothers.

Mothers should always keep in good bodily health. They owe it to their children. Yet it is no unusual sight to see a mother, with babe in arms, coughing violently and exhibiting all the symptoms of a consumptive tendency. And why should this dangerous condition exist, dangerous alike to mother and child, when Dr. Boesch's German Syrup would put a stop to it at once? No mother should be without this old and tried remedy in the house—for its timely use will promptly cure any lung, throat or bronchial trouble in herself or her children. The worst cough or cold can be speedily cured by German Syrup, so can hoarseness and congestion of the bronchial tubes. It makes expectoration easy, and gives instant relief and refreshing rest to the cough-racked consumptive. New trial bottles, 25c; large size 75c. At all druggists.—W. T. Brooks.

THAT GONE FEELING

Tired, Dull and "Blue" BACKACHE AND LASSITUDE

We can cure it all and make life bright and happy. Write at once for remedy. DR. BENZINGER, Baltimore, Md.



CONVINCING TESTIMONY.



Gertrude—How did she get a divorce so easily?

Tommy—He proved to the jury that she ordered a mourning outfit every time he caught cold.—Chicago Examiner.

Easily Identified Himself.

Potter—What makes you look so serious? Anything troubling you?

Clay—I've had a stroke of unusually hard luck. Been refused by a young woman before I had a chance to propose.

Potter—How did it happen?

Clay—I overheard Miss Daisybud say the other evening she wouldn't marry the best man in the world.—Boston Transcript.

HOW HE FELT ABOUT IT.



The Lady—I know it's a common thing to say, but I could just die waiting.

Her Partner—Well, I'd like to.—Chicago Tribune.

His Objection.

First Tramp—I'm afraid Senator Snipser's going to have a walkover.

Second Tramp—Is yer opposed to him?

First Tramp—"Tain't so much dat; but when anybody's got a walkover de price uv votes goes down.—Judge.

A Shady Tree.

Patience—Does she ever speak of her family tree?

Patience—No; I think it was one of those shady sort of trees.—Yonkers Statesman.

Good Old S-r-T-e.

In the good old summer time We sigh for winter's snows. While perspiration oozes out And glues us to our clothes.—Pittsburg Gazette.

IMPORTED FROM GERMANY.



Venerable Spinster—America is the land of boundless possibilities. There, perchance, I may yet be able to get a husband.—Ueber Land und Meer.

A Modest Demand.

"So I am to understand," said he, "that you demand equal rights for women?"

"Equal nothing!" she retorted. "I demand superior rights. Women are the superior sex, sir!"—St. Louis Republic.

Dissimilar Views.

"The word 'obey,'" said Mrs. Growells, "should be stricken from the marriage service."

"A better plan," retorted Growells, "would be to substitute the word 'support' therefor."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Right Man for the Place.

"I say," queried the out-of-work, as he strolled into a barber's shop, "can you give me a job?"

"Well," replied the manager, "I do need an assistant. Can you handle a razor?"

"Yes, well," rejoined the applicant, "I always shave myself."

"And do you know how to work the scissors?" queried the latter-mixer.

"Do I?" exclaimed the applicant.

"Why, that's just what I do know. I edited a local newspaper for nine long years."

"Good!" was the reply. "I see you are fully qualified."—Tit-Bits.

With One Accord.

"There's no place like home," she warbled;

As a singer she wasn't a bird; And the audience agreeing with her, no doubt.

Went home without a word.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

MEMORIAL.



Katherine—Are there monuments to his skill as a doctor?

Kidder—Sure; the graveyards are full of them.—Chicago Chronicle.

Discouraging Road Agents.

Traveler (angrily)—Why don't you railroad men do something to put a stop to train robbing?

Railroad Magnate—That is just what we are working at now.

"Glad to hear it."

"Yes, we are thinking of raising fares, so that the passengers won't have enough left to tempt train robbers."—N. Y. Weekly.

Sad Case.

Colors are like horses, Oft it is the plan, What you think a fast one Proves an also ran.

—N. Y. Times.

THE EXTREME TEST.



She—Is your brother George always so good-natured?

He—Good-natured? Why, I've seen him laugh as he removed a porous plaster from his chest.—Chicago Journal.

"Two's Company," Etc.

I called, 'twas in her parlor, but A horrid crowd was there.

And sat there, 'spite of hint and cut, Just rooted to his chair.

—Philadelphia Press.

A Neglected Obligation.

"Don't you think you owe it to yourself to leave an unblemished record behind you?"

"Maybe I do," answered Senator Sorghum. "But it is one of the debts that there is no use worrying about."—Washington Star.

A Seaside Substitute.

Maud—She's a great favorite with every girl here.

Blanche—Indeed! Why?

Maud—Because she's so mannish-looking.—N. Y. Times.

Strength in Numbers.

Singleton—I understand your wife comes of a very old family.

Wedderly—Well, it isn't so old, but it is awfully numerous.—Chicago Daily News.

Reasonable Explanation.

"Keep your seats, please, ladies and gentlemen," said a theatrical manager;

"there is no danger whatever, but for some inexplicable reason the gas has gone out."

Then a boy shouted from the gallery: "Perhaps it didn't like the play."—Tit-Bits.

Coolly Considered.

"Would you marry a man because he was rich?" asked the romantic girl.

"No," answered Miss Cayenne, "but I might refuse to marry one because he wasn't."—Washington Star.

TRIVIALITIES.

Clockwork submarines are the favorite toys in Europe at present.

All the kerosene, the leaf tobacco and the pine lumber used in Liberia is shipped from America by way of England.

The United States export trade in South America is but a dollar annually for each of the inhabitants of that continent.

It is now the style in England to "bob" a curtsy to royalty. The low, sweeping salute has gone out. Also one says "ma'am," not "madame," to the queen.

The Japanese have a chorus on the stage called Jururi. The Jururi sing what the actor is supposed to be thinking, and he shows his emotions by his gestures and the expression of his face.

In one of the London churches there are chairs instead of pews, and between each two chairs is a shelf on which a hat and coat can be placed. Each chair also has a contrivance for holding an umbrella or cane.

A DOCTOR'S NOTEBOOK.

To test the mosquito theory of malaria, two French physicians propose to be bitten by mosquitoes fed on an ague patient, and to allow any fever contracted to run its full course without treatment.

The strongest argument in favor of Hutchinson's theory, that leprosy is caused by eating decomposing or imperfectly cured fish lies in the fact that in India generally the incidence of leprosy is about three or four cases per 10,000 of the population, but in the island of Minicoy, devoted to fishing, it rises to 150, and in Kalligoan, a fish-curing center, to 500.

New York physicians report that a great many of their pneumonia patients are bachelor men and maids who are of the "roomer" class and have little or no home care. On this account they need closer attention than home patients. All the hospitals in the city are full and have been for months. Bellevue and its allied institutions turned away from 80 to 100 patients for a week.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

King Leopold of Belgium is called "the American among monarchs" because of his shrewdness.

In one of his last letters Prof. Mommensen said: "Mankind cannot get along without either patriotism or internationalism."

The checks which King Edward uses for his private business are drawn on his personal account at Coutts'. The signature is "Edward R.," followed by a small royal crown. The checks are printed on gilt-edged paper, but are otherwise quite in the usual form.

Prof. Charles L. Norton, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, says that a great deal more care should be taken in protecting steel work and wrought iron from corrosion. Concrete is a far better safeguard than stone or terra cotta against fire, he says. The Boston skyscrapers are viewed with suspicion by Prof. Norton.

NEW-FOUND PHILOSOPHY.

Do not waste your breath in trying to blow out a lightning bug.

A human being takes more delight in beating a street car company out of a nickel than in finding a dollar.

The same man who complains because the coffee is too cold, also complains because the ice water is too warm.

Hell hath no fury like a woman scorned, and, according to all accounts, it also has a few other discomforts of home.

The weather bureau correctly predicts the weather once in awhile, but you ought not to blame the weather bureau; this is what he is supposed to do.—Boston Post.

MARKET REPORT.

Cincinnati, July 16.

CATTLE—Common \$3.00 @ 4.10

Heavy steers . . . 5.25 @ 5.50

CALVES—Extra . . . 6.25 @ 6.50

HOGS—Ch. packers . . . 5.75 @ 5.80

Mixed packers . . . 5.60 @ 5.75

SHEEP—Extra . . . 4.25 @ 4.35

LAMBS—Spring . . . 7.40 @ 7.60

FLOUR—Spring pat. 5.00 @ 5.30

WHEAT—No. 2 red. . . @ 1.09

No. 3 winter . . . @ .99

CORN—No. 2 mixed. . . @ .41

OATS—No. 2 mixed. . . @ .74

RYE—No. 2 . . . @ 13.75

HAY—Ch. timothy. . . @ 15.15

PORK—Clear family. . . @ 6.25

LARD—Steam . . . @ 10

BUTTER—Ch. dairy. . . @ 19

Choice creamery . . . @ 4.00

APPLES—Choice . . . 3.00 @ 4.00

POTATOES—New . . . 1.75 @ 2.00

TOTACCO—New . . . 5.25 @ 12.25

Old . . . 4.75 @ 14.50

Chicago.

FLOUR—Winter pat. 4.55 @ 4.65

WHEAT—No. 2 red. 1.01 @ 1.03

No. 3 spring . . . 88 @ 96

CORN—No. 2 mixed. . . @ 49 1/2

OATS—No. 2 mixed. . . 40 1/2 @ 40 3/4

RYE—No. 2 . . . @ 70 1/2

PORK—Mess . . . 12.75 @ 12.80

LARD—Steam . . . 6 7/8 @ 6.80

New York.

FLOUR—Win. str. 4.65 @ 4.80

WHEAT—No. 2 red. . . @ 1.08 1/2

CORN—No. 2 mixed. . . @ 53 1/2

OATS—No. 2 mixed. . . 45 @ 47

RYE—Western . . . @ 70

PORK—Family . . . 14.25 @ 14.75

LARD—Steam . . . @ 7.25

Baltimore.

WHEAT—No. 2 red. . . @ .88

CORN—No. 2 mixed. . . @ 53 1/2

OATS—No. 2 mixed. . . @ 41

CATTLE—Steers . . . 5.60 @ 5.80

HOGS—Western . . . @ 6.25

Louisville.

WHEAT—No. 2 red. . . @ 90

CORN—No. 2 mixed. . . @ 53

OATS—No. 2 mixed. . . @ 43

LARD—Steam . . . @ 8.30

PORK—Mess . . . @ 13.50

Indianapolis.

WHEAT—No. 2 red. . . @ 1.00

CORN—No. 2 mixed. . . @ 49 1/2

OATS—No. 2 mixed. . . @ 39

HE WAS WILLING TO PAY.

But Was a Little Too Foremost in Ordering the Help Around.

A lively looking porter stood on the rear of a car in the Pennsylvania depot. A fussy, and choleric-looking old man clambered up the steps. He stopped on the platform, puffed a moment, reloaded the Cleveland Plain Dealer, and then turned to the young man in uniform and said: "Peter!"

"Yes, sir!"

"I am going to St. Louis. I want to be well taken care of and can pay for it. Do you understand?"

"Yes, sir; I hope."

"Never mind what you hope. You listen to what I say. Keep the train boys away from me. Just me off whenever I want you to. Give me an extra blanket, and if any fellow has the berth above me, slide him over into another one. I want you to—"

"But, say, boss, I—"

"Don't talk too much, young man. Here's two dollars. Now I want to get the good of it. Not a word, sir."

The train was starting. The porter swung off to the platform.

"All right, boss," he shouted. "I'm powerful sorry you wouldn't let me talk, but I ain't going out on that train."

—

PLAYING GOLF IN THE SOUTH.

Most Enjoyable Features of the Game Are Those of the Little Black Caddy.

When you manage to bring off a more than ordinarily good shot it is a treat to note the expression on the face of your little negro caddy, says Country Life in America. The look of exuberant joy and pride and the triumphant glance at your opponent's "boy" is followed by a series of soft, melodious chuckles which only a darky can do justice to, as much as to say that he, and he alone, had done the trick, to the utter confusion of the rival caddies. Some of these darkies make good caddies, but the majority are too indolent or uninterested to be more than mere beasts of burden, knowing little of the game and caring less. They tell a story of one—a novice—who at the end of the day's play, after cheerfully following his employer through every bunker on the course and into all sorts of impossible places on the golfers, rather startled him by guilelessly asking: "Is you givine to work to-morrow, boss?"

Of Wide Interest.

Breed, Wis., July 18.—Special—Chas. Y. Peterson, director of the Peace for Oconto Co., has delivered a judgment that is of interest to the whole United States. Put briefly, that judgment is, "Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best kidney medicine on the market to-day."

And Mr. Peterson gives his reason for this judgment. He says: "Last winter I had an aching pain in my back which troubled me very much. In the morning I could hardly straighten my back. I did not know what it was but an advertisement led me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. After taking one box I can only say they have done more for me than expected as I feel as well now as ever I did before."

Pain in the back is one of the first symptoms of kidney disease. If not cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills it may develop into Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Rheumatism or some of the other deadly forms of kidney disease.

Signs of the Times.

"Now is the time to lay in your coal!" is the peculiar way a sign in the window of a Brooklyn store reads. Less ambiguous is the placard of a tailor on the same block, who has a genius for advertising. It says:

"Pants, 50 cents a leg; if you buy two legs, the seat thrown in."—N. Y. Times.

Don't Get Footsore! Get Foot-Ease.

A wonderful powder that cures tired, hot, aching feet and makes new or tight shoes easy. Ask to-day for Allen's Foot-Ease. Accept no substitute. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Appropriate.

"Why, that coat doesn't fit a bit," said Edgar's sister; "it's all waves up and down your back."

"That is what I told the tailor, but he said you had to expect that because it was a surge suit!"—Stray Stories.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

A girl gets as queer ideas about men, in spite of having brothers, as men get about girls in spite of having sisters.—Atchison Globe.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

There is a foolish corner even in the brain of a sage.—Chicago Journal.

Time to Watch Her.

The Artist—Ah, she has such delicate curves in her mouth!

The Cynic—Did you ever see her eat corn off the ear?—Chicago Daily News.

As a general thing when you hear of a girl who is said to possess a "classic profile," you can set it down that she is thin and angular, and runs mostly to neck.—Oshkosh Northwestern.

\$5000 FOREFEIT

If we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.

Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

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The Artist

